



PRINCIPLES OF ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS(Open elective)

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| Offered to : M.Sc.(PHYSICS) | Course Code : 22OE3PH1 |
| Course Type : open elective (OE) | Course : Principles of Analytical Instruments |
| Year of Introduction : 2022 | Year of offering : 2022 |
| Year of Revision : 2022 | Percentage of Revision : Nil |
| Semester : III | Credits : 3 |
| Hours Taught: 60 hrs. per Semester | Max. Time : 3 Hours |

Course Description:

The Principles Analytical Instruments course is aimed to give fundamentals of selective instruments and their applications in chemical, pharmaceutical, clinical, food-processing laboratories, and oil refineries. They are employed to obtain qualitative and quantitative information about the presence or absence of one or more components of the sample.

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the working of different spectroscopic techniques
2. To understand the basic principles of chromatography
3. To learn the working of different lasers systems and the process of holography
4. To understand the basic principles of nuclear magnetic resonance
5. To learn the basic principle of X-Ray diffraction and its applications in cryptography

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students should be able to:

CO1: Remember the concepts of spectroscopy

CO2: Understand the importance of chromatography

CO3: Analyze the process involved in the generation of different lasers

CO4: Understand the importance of mass spectrometry

CO5: Understand the microscopic techniques involved in determining the structure of materials.

| CO-POMATRIX | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 22OE3PH1 | CO-PO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 |
| | CO1 | H | | | | M | M |
| | CO2 | H | | | | M | M |
| | CO3 | H | | | | M | M |
| | CO4 | H | | | | M | M |
| | CO5 | H | | | | M | M |

| Syllabus | | |
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| Unit | Learning Units | Lecture Hours |
| I | SPECTROPHOTOMETRY Spectrophotometry Introduction-Beer-Lambert law–UV-Visible spectroscopy– Instrumentation, Essential parts of spectrophotometer- Gratings and prisms – Radiant energy sources – filters – Photosensitive detectors-Photomultiplier tubes -Atomic absorption spectrophotometry – Flame emission and atomic emission photometry– Construction, working principle, instrumentation and applications. | 8 |
| II | CHROMATOGRAPHY General principles – classification – chromatographic behavior of solutes – quantitative determination – Gas chromatography – Liquid chromatography – High- pressure liquid chromatography – Applications. | 8 |
| III | LASERS AND HOLOGRAPHY Basic principles of lasers - Spontaneous and stimulated emission – Laser beam properties Types of lasers- Ruby laser-He-Ne laser - GaAs laser - Dye laser – Applications of Lasers. Introduction to Holography – Recording and reconstruction of Hologram – Applications of Holography | 8 |
| IV | NUCLEARMAGNETIC RESONANCE AND MASS SPECTROMETRY NMR – Basic principles – Continuous and Pulsed Fourier Transform NMR spectrometer – Mass Spectrometry – Sample system – Ionization methods – Mass analyzers – Types of mass spectrometry. | 8 |
| V | STRUCTURE AND MICROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES X- ray diffraction, Bragg's law, Powder X-ray Diffractometer - Basic principles, Instrumentation and applications of Scanning electron microscopy, Transmission electron microscopy, Atomic force microscopy, Differential scanning calorimetry and Thermogravimetric analysis | 8 |

Reference Books:

1. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J.A., Settle, Instrumental methods of analysis, , 7th Edition, 2012.
2. Robert E. Sherman., "Analytical Instrumentation",
3. GUPTA and KUMAR, Solid State Physics, K. Nath & Co., 2000
4. Khandpur, R.S., "Handbook of Analytical Instruments", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition 2007
5. NPTEL lecture notes on,
"Modern Instrumental methods of Analysis" by Dr. J.R. Mudakavi, IISc, Bangalore.