

PARVATHANENI BRAHMAYYA SIDDHARTHA COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE Autonomous

Siddhartha Nagar, Vijayawada–520010 *Re-accredited at 'A+' by the NAAC*

Course Code				23ZOMDL201				
Title of the Course				HEALTH & HYGINE				
Offered to:				BA HONS ECONOMICS				
L	2	Т	0	P 0 C 2				
Year of Introduction:		2	024-25	Semester:		3		
Course Category: MDC		2	Course Relates to: GLOBAL			AL		
Type of the Course:			Multidisciplinary					
Crosscutting Issues of the Course :			Environment and sustainability					
Pre-requisites, if any			Basic knowledge about evolution and zoogeography					

COURSE DISCRIPTION:

The Bachelor of Science (Health and Hygiene) is designed to address broad spectrum of healthrelated issues within the industry, community, hospitals and health sector. The content covers up para-medical, administrative, financial, social, informational and occupational aspects around the modern healthcare standards. In simple terms, health refers to a person's physical, emotional and psychological well-being. Hygiene refers to good practices that prevent disease and lead to good health, especially cleanliness, proper disposal of wastewater and drinking water supply. Better hygiene leads to better health, confidence and overall growth. Good hygiene is critical for preventing the spread of infectious diseases and helping children lead long, healthy lives. It also prevents them from missing school, resulting in better learning outcomes.

Course Objectives:

S.NC	COURSE OBJECTIVES
1	To understand and apply the emerging concepts and issues to health, hygiene and sanitation
2	To critically understand the present scenario of health hygiene in Indian andNortheast
3	To apply and design hygiene promotion and education programs for development.
4	Anticipate, recognize, evaluate, and control factors in the workplace and theenvironment.
5	Integrate industrial hygiene techniques, biostatistics, epidemiology, management, and environmental health concepts.

CO No	COURSE OUTCOME	BTL	PO	PSO
CO1	Better hygiene leads to better health, confidence and overall growth.	K2	4	1
CO2	Good hygiene is critical for preventing the spread of infectious diseases and helping children lead long, healthy lives.	K1	4	1
CO3	Good personal hygiene helps stop you from getting sick and spreading germs.	K1	4	1
CO4	Washing your hands often is a good way to stop the germs onyour hands making you sick.	K2	4	1
CO5	Length of Life, including premature death, life expectancyand infant mortality.	K4	4	1
For B	TL: K1: Remember; K2: Understand; K3: Apply; K4: Analyze; K5: Eva	aluate; K	6: Crea	ite

CO-FO MATRIA									
CO NO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2
CO1				2				1	
CO2				2				1	
CO3				2				1	
CO4				2				1	
CO5				2				1	

Syllabus:

Unit-1	Introduction to Sanitation and Hygiene for Health:						
	Definitions and Concepts and their role						
	Global, national and regional perspective						
	• Relation between health , hygiene & sanitation						
	Relevance & importance of health, hygiene in the contemporary times						
	Web links:						
	https://www.unicef.org/wash/sanitation						
	Assignment Importance of health and hygiene						

TT 0								
Unit -2	Occupational Health and Hygiene							
	• Link between occupational hygiene, risk assessment & risk management.							
	• Sanitation problems of the workplace: industries, academic institutions,							
	corporate, hospitals, Public spaces etc.							
	Web links:							
	https://srs.ubc.ca/health-safety/occupational-hygiene							
	Assignment: sanitation problems							
Unit-3	Present scenario of health hygiene in India							
	Health Hygiene Promotion & Education:							
	• Reproductive & sexual health of the women							
	Indigenous hygiene & sanitation practices							
	• Cultural beliefs of the people of India in relation to health & hygiene- role &							
	impacts							
	Web links:							
	https://www.eolss.net/sample-chapters/c03/E2-20A-02-03.pdf							
	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5290765/							
	Assignment : Role and impacts of health and hygiene							

Textbooks

1. A. Jiménez, 2009, infrastructure function and hygiene. Epidemiology and Community Health.

2.Bailie, R. S. (2011). Evaluation of an Australian indigenous housing programme:

Community level impact on crowding.

References:

1.Craps, M., Dewulf, A., Mancero, M., Santos, E., & Bouwen, R. (2004). Constructing common ground and re-creating differences between professional and indigenous communities. 14, 378–393. doi:10.1002/casp.796

2.Collard, K. S. et at. (2005). Mutual"obligation in indigenous health: Can shared responsibility agreements be truly mutual? Medical Journal of Australia, 182, 502–504

Semester-End Examination Model Question Paper

23ZOMDL231: HEALTH AND HYGIENE

Semester: III	BA Hons Economics	Max.Marks: 35M
Time: 2 Hrs.		
	Section A	
Answer any THREE of	The following.	3X5=15M
1. Distinguish the diff	erences between health & Hygiene.	K3
2. Describe the sanitat	ion problems.	K1
3. Illustrate the sanitat	tion workplaces.	К3
4. Elaborate the risk a	ssessment.	K2
5. Describe the sexual	health of woman.	K1

Section –B

Answer TWO of the following

 $2 \times 10 = 20 M$

6. Describe the concepts and role of the health and hygiene.	K2
7. Elaborate the global and national perspectives.	K2
8. Describe the sanitation problems of workplaces and industries.	K2
